

## **Continuing Medical Education (CME) questions**

## All-trans-retinoic acid, idarubicin, and arsenic therapy for APL

To obtain credit, you should first read the journal article. After reading the article, you should be able to answer the following, related, multiple-choice questions. To complete the questions (with a minimum 70% passing score) and earn continuing medical education (CME) credit, please go to http://www.medscape.org/journal/blood. Credit cannot be obtained for tests completed on paper, although you may use the worksheet below to keep a record of your answers. You must be a registered user on Medscape.org. If you are not registered on Medscape.org, please click on the "Register" link on the right hand side of the website. Only one answer is correct for each question. Once you successfully answer all post-test questions you will be able to view and/or print your certificate. For questions regarding the content of this activity, contact the accredited provider, CME@medscape.net. For technical assistance, contact CME@webmd.net. American Medical Association's Physician's Recognition Award (AMA PRA) credits are accepted in the US as evidence of participation in CME activities. For further information on this award, please refer to http://www.ama-assn.org/ama/pub/category/2922.html. The AMA has determined that physicians not licensed in the US who participate in this CME activity are eligible for AMA PRA Category 1 Credits<sup>TM</sup>. Through agreements that the AMA has made with agencies in some countries, AMA PRA credit may be acceptable as evidence of participation in CME activities. If you are not licensed in the US, please complete the questions online, print the AMA PRA CME credit certificate, and present it to your national medical association for review.

Iland HJ, Bradstock K, Supple SG, Catalano A, Collins M, Hertzberg M, Browett P, Grigg A, Firkin F, Hugman A, Reynolds J, Di Iulio J, Tiley C, Taylor K, Filshie R, Seldon M, Taper J, Szer J, Moore J, Bashford J, Seymour JF, for the Australasian Leukaemia and Lymphoma Group. All-*trans*-retinoic acid, idarubicin, and IV arsenic trioxide as initial therapy in acute promyelocytic leukemia (APML4). *Blood*. 2012;120(8):1570-1580.

•	•	•		`	, ( )	
( <b>A</b> ]	PML4) ph ☐ Arsenic ☐ Chemo	ase-2 pro trioxide ( therapy w ll-trans-re	(ATO) was given stinoic ac	nost likely as used on during cor id, and ida	y during induction solidation rubicin were given during induction	
Ba ph	2. Your patient is a 26-year-old male diagnosed with acute promyelocytic leukemia (APL). He has not yet received any treatment. Based on the study by Dr Iland and colleagues, which of the following statements about efficacy outcomes with the APML4 phase-2 protocol is most likely correct?  Hematologic complete remission occurred in three-quarters of patients Eighty percent of patients who began consolidation attained molecular complete remission At 2 years, freedom from relapse was 97.5%, failure-free survival was 88.1%, and overall survival was 93.2% FLT3 mutation status affected outcomes					
wit	h the APM Compa The tox Five pe Toxicit	ML4 phase red with redicity professore recent of payof APM	ee-2 prote egimens ile of API atients di ////////////////////////////////////	associated ML4 precled during and theoret	olleagues, which of the following statements about expected safety and toxicity outcomes a most likely be correct?  with > 90% disease-free survival, APML4 has higher total doses of anthracycline and ATO ades its use consolidation therapy cally be lowered by using a risk-adapted reduction in idarubicin dose during induction, alidation, and possibly reducing or eliminating maintenance	
Ad	tivity E	valuati	i <b>on</b> (wł	nere 1 is	strongly disagree and 5 is strongly agree)	
1.	The activ	ity suppor	ted the le	arning obje 4	ctives. 5	
2.	The material was organized clearly for learning to occur. 1 2 3 4 5					
3.	The conte	ent learne 2	d from thi	s activity w 4	ill impact my practice. 5	
4.	The activ	ity was pre 2	esented o	bjectively a	and free of commercial bias. 5	